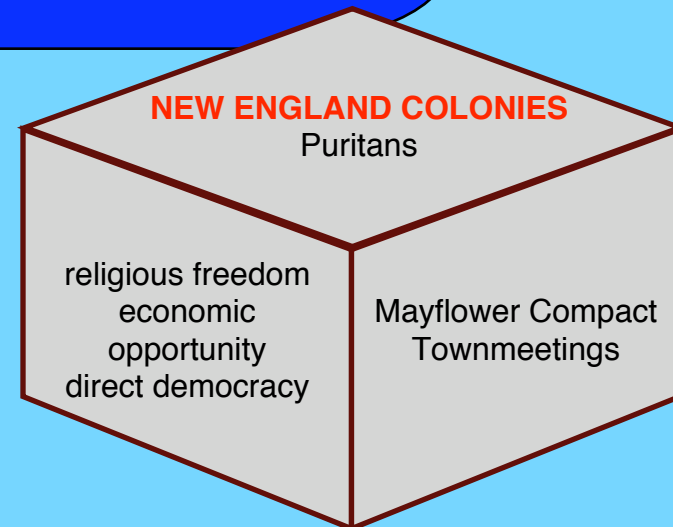


The student will describe how early European exploration and colonization resulted in cultural interactions among Europeans, Africans, and American Indians (First Americans).

European colonization resulted in a redistribution of population as millions of people from Europe and Africa voluntarily and involuntarily moved to the New World.

Exploration and colonization initiated worldwide commercial expansion as agricultural products were exchanged between the Americas and Europe.

In time, colonization led to ideas of representative government and religious toleration that over several centuries would inspire similar transformations in other parts of the world.



MIDDLE COLONIES

English,
Dutch, and
German

religious freedom
economic
opportunity

economic
opportunities

JAMESTOWN
ESTABLISHED IN
1607 as a business
venture

HOUSE OF
BURGESSES
1st elected
assembly in
the New
World

ENGLISH
NOBILITY

POOR ENGLISH
FARMES &
ARTISANS

INDENTURED SERVANTS

VIRGINIA &
SOUTHERN